What's happening now

Climate change accelerating, **TIME TO REVISE**,

last revision was 12 years ago, rethink usability of complex documents.



What we did



Consulted with stakeholders and researched extensively resulting in:



Review Report



....find all resources and publications available at pci.fsc.org

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Two Green Papers (Climate Change & Biodiversity and Scope & Applicability)

Survey for FSC Members





Objectives of this revision



To develop more user-oriented
Forest Stewardship Standards
while maintaining FSC's integrity
and delivering greater value and
impact for people and forests.



Streamlining

User-oriented



Outcome focused

Key proposals





Structural changes for user-orientation



Strengthening:

Social & environmental requirements, Climate change and biodiversity conservation



Modular approach



Scope & Applicability



Outcome orientation



Streamlining and clarifying related documents and requirements such as:

Annexes, Policy on Excision, Glossary of Terms & more

Streamlining

Limiting redundancies, complexity of formulating. Not limiting rigour.

Example:

Merging grievance mechanisms requirement to be fit for both workers

communities rather than two requirements

(Principle 2 & Principle 4)

Another way to streamline is through a revised structure



What this looks like in PCI

Each principle and criterion would clearly state the intended result to be achieved.

Principles as outcomes:

"Biodiversity is maintained" vs.

"Organizations must do X"



Outcome Orientation: How

Simplifies the language and structure of the FSC Principles & Criteria by focusing on results to be achieved rather than processes or activities to be implemented.

THROUGH:

Clearer and hierarchically consistent structure.

WHERE:

Each principle and each criterion should be linked to a single intended outcome.



Outcome Orientation: Indicators



Activities to be implemented should contribute to achieving the intended outcome of the criterion and at the indicator level.



Vision:

Resilient forests sustain life on Earth. A new forest paradigm is realized where the true value of forests is recognized and incorporated into society.

Modular Approach

Core indicators

+

pre-tagged indicators for different contexts

(smallholders, plantations, urban forests)



Scope and Applicability



Vegetation types for certification currently include:



Natural forests



Plantations



other (i.e. non-forest) vegetation types*.

*other vegetation types is limited to those land-uses involving growing of trees, but includes, in principles 'non-forest' land-uses as they contribute to the mission of FSC.

Currently handled on a case-by-case basis.

Challenge: Ambiguity around:



Agroforestry models where crops are cultivated during early plantation establishment



Woody agricultural crops grown primarily for non-timber products



Short-rotation plantations

Social Requirements

Stronger commitments to:



Gender equality
and workers rights
– aligning with
international
regulations



Indigenous
Peoples' rights
(including
uncontacted
groups)

Papers and webinar material published on PCI Hub for more detail and background information.



Climate and biodiversity



Explicit requirements for adaptation, mitigation, resilience. New biodiversity indicators to measure real impact.

Additional topics



Intact Forest Landscapes

Maintaining protection threshold



Still prohibited, but updated definition (includes CRISPR etc.)



Normative alignment

Cleaning up annexes, advice notes and glossary of terms



Consultation process



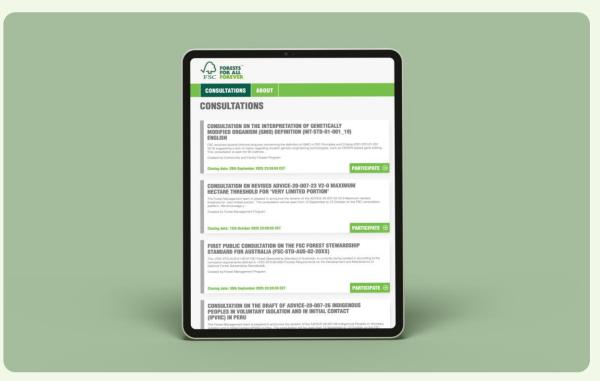


How to participate



40+ Questions on FSC Consultation Platform





All can register for platform and participate

Your voice matters





Stakeholder input directly shapes standards



FSC values diversity of perspectives



International standards to reflect international and chamber-balanced opinions



We will share consultation report by April 2026 to show what happened to feedback